# Functional Programming for Logicians 

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## Programming styles

## Functional <br> vs <br> Procedural

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- A program is a network of procedure definitions, with procedure calls inside the definitions.


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- Lambda abstraction: $\left(\lambda . x_{\alpha} h_{\beta}\right)$ has type $\alpha \rightarrow \beta$
- Binary function types: $\alpha \rightarrow(\beta \rightarrow \gamma)$ takes a value of type $\alpha$, and returns a function that takes a value of $\operatorname{typ} \beta$, and returns a value of type $\gamma$.


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eg. twinprimes $1113=$ True; $(<) 75=$ False


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- Int $\rightarrow$ Bool, Char $\rightarrow$ Bool, and Bool $\rightarrow$ Bool are all instances of the Prop class.


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- a -> (a -> b): binary functions mapping from types a and b to type c
(Parenthses are usually omitted.)


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